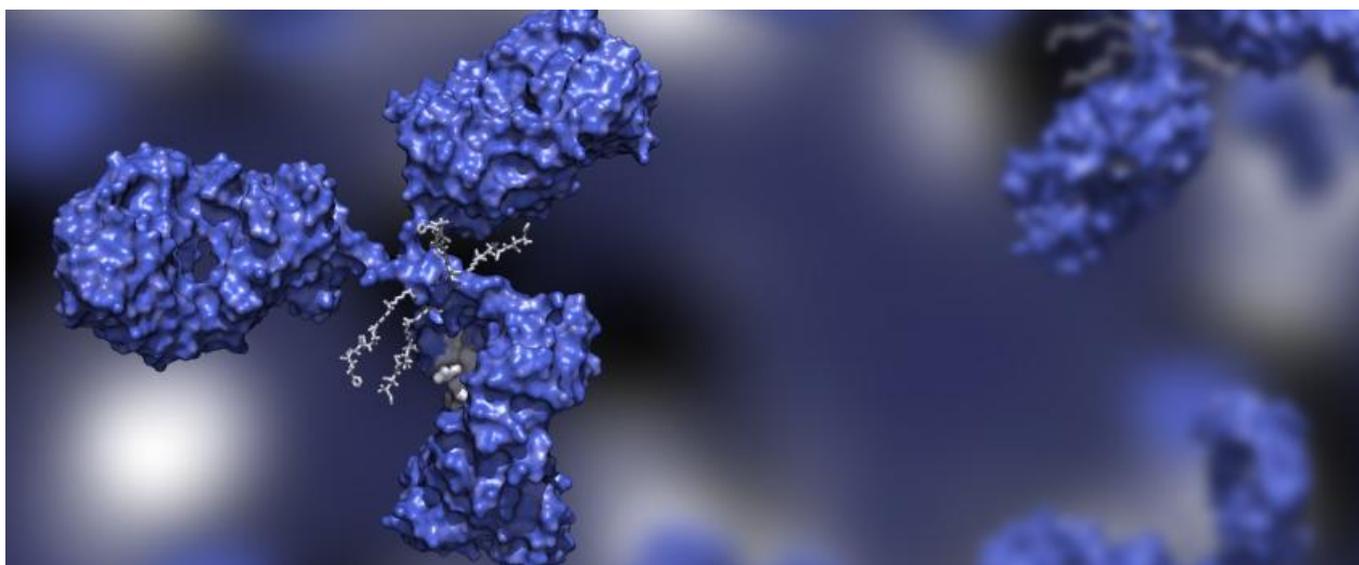


After Immunogen and Sutro, Bristol buys into the folate story



Jacob Plieth



The deal puts more support behind targeting folate receptor α , a long troubled target, with antibody-drug conjugates.

Aduhelm's US approval sent Eisai's stock to an all-time high, so yesterday's deal with Bristol Myers Squibb is the icing on the cake for the Japanese group. The tie-up, covering the antibody-drug conjugate MORAb-202, features a \$650m up-front fee.

Beyond the impressive-looking economics – MORAb-202 is still in early clinical development – industry watchers will note the asset's pharmacology of targeting folate receptor α . This mechanism had earlier disappointed, but recent successes with the ADC approach from Sutro and Immunogen have given it new life, and Bristol has clearly seen enough to buy in.

If ADCs really are the way to target FR α then the deal shows yet more support for this antibody-based modality. Indeed, [a separate Evaluate Vantage analysis today](#) ranks the Eisai/Bristol tie-up third among recent phase 1 deals by up-front amount; in first place is another ADC deal, AstraZeneca's licence to Daiichi Sankyo's DS-1062 for \$1bn.

MORAb-202 has generated single-agent activity, specifically [10 remissions in 22 patients with refractory, FR \$\alpha\$ -positive solid tumours](#). Early trials are ongoing in Japan and the US, but the partners say they plan to speed into registrational studies as early as in 2022.

New life

Last year Sutro breathed life into targeting FR α , reporting a clinical success in ovarian cancer with STRO-002, its own ADC ([Sutro bucks the folate trend, December 4, 2020](#)).

The data were interesting partly because Sutro had not preselected FR α -expressing patients. Immunogen's ADC, mirvetuximab soravtansine, had failed in an all-comers ovarian cancer population in the Forward I trial, but the group pressed on into the Forward II study, in which patients' cancers had to express FR α .

[At Asco this year Forward II's Avastin combo cohort yielded a 50% overall remission rate](#), comprising 33% in medium and 64% in high FR α expressers. Mirvetuximab now awaits a crucial catalyst, with results of its pivotal Soraya study, in FR α -high ovarian cancers, due in the fourth quarter.

Before that, of course, targeting FR α was firing blanks, with the [abysmal failure of Endocyte's vintafolide](#), an

unusual small molecule bearing a toxic payload, perhaps the most notable. The project was filed in the EU as Vynfinit, for FR α -high ovarian cancer, but this was withdrawn.

Selected folate receptor α (FR α) targeting projects			
Project	Company	FR α -targeting modality	Trial detail
<i>Phase 3</i>			
Mirvetuximab soravtansine	Immunogen	ADC	Soraya, in high FRα expression, reads out Q4 2021 (failed in all-comers)
<i>Phase 2</i>			
TPIV200	Marker Therapeutics	Cancer vaccine	One ongoing trial (one terminated)
<i>Phase 1</i>			
STRO-002	Sutro Biopharma	ADC	32% ORR in 31 unselected ovarian cancer patients
MORAb-202	Eisai/Bristol	ADC	Studies in Japan & US; registrational trials starting 2022
MOv18 IgE/IGEM-F	EpsilonGen	MAB	Licensed from King's College; ph1 data at AACR 2020
CT900/ BTG945/ ONX-0801	Carrick Therapeutics	Thymidylate synthase inhibitor	Licensed from BTG; ph1 data at Asco 2020
<i>Preclinical</i>			
EC2629	Novartis	Small molecule-drug conjugate	NA
IMGN151	Immunogen	Dual-epitope ADC	NA
<i>Discontinued</i>			
Farletuzumab/MORAb-003	Eisai	MAB	Failed ph3 trials in 2011 and 2013
Vintafolide	Endocyte (now part of Novartis)	Small molecule-drug conjugate	Failed ph2 in 2014; EU filing withdrawn
<i>Source: EvaluatePharma. ADC = antibody-drug conjugate.</i>			

Eisai too had an early setback, but the Bristol deal shows that the Japanese group learned from its mistakes.

In 2007 Eisai had acquired a private US biotech called Morphotek for \$325m, in a move that brought with it assets including farletuzumab, a naked antibody against FR α . This project, also known as [MORAb-003, failed a phase 3 trial in ovarian cancer](#) five years later.

But Eisai persisted, jazzing up farletuzumab by conjugating it via a cathepsin-cleavable linker [to its in-house anticancer agent eribulin](#), and thus turning it into the ADC today known as MORAb-202. This entered clinical development in 2017, and four years on, presumably having seen Sutro and Immunogen's ADC successes, Bristol signed on the dotted line.

Though the \$650m Bristol has paid Eisai includes \$200m earmarked for R&D, in return the Japan group retains some downstream economics. What cannot be denied is the support Bristol is throwing behind ADCs in general, and FR α in particular.

This is an updated version of an earlier story, adding phase 1 data.

Evaluate HQ
44-(0)20-7377-0800

Evaluate Americas
+1-617-573-9450

Evaluate APAC
+81-(0)80-1164-4754

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